



# DATA SHEET

## Hall Effect Current Sensor

**PN: CHB500LTS15D100**

**I<sub>PN</sub>=500A**

### Feature

- Closed- loop (compensated) current transducer
- High accuracy type, it can really measure resolution 1000:1
- Capable precision measurement of currents: DC, AC,pulse with galvanic isolation between primary circuit and secondary circuit.
- Supply voltage: DC ±15~24V

### Advantages

- High accuracy
- Easy installation
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- High immunity to external interference
- Very good linearity
- Can be customized

### Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.



RoHS

### Electrical data: (Ta=25°C±5°C)

Parameter	Ref	CHB500LTS15D100
Rated input I <sub>pn</sub> (A)		500
Measuring range I <sub>p</sub> (A)		0~±1000
Turns ratio N <sub>p</sub> /N <sub>S</sub> (T)		1:5000
Output current (A)		Nominal output current 100mA, for primary nominal current I <sub>N</sub> =500A
Measure resister R <sub>M</sub> (Ω)	with±15V @500Amax	0(min) 40(max)
	with±15V @1000Amax	0(min) 40(max)
	with±24V @500Amax	7(min) 75(max)
	with±24V @1000Amax	7(min) 20(max)
Accuracy (Ta =+25 )		I <sub>N</sub> ±0.5%
Supply voltage VC(V)		(±15 ~ ±24) ±5%
Isolation voltage		Between primary and secondary circuit: 6KV RMS/50Hz/1min.
Offset current (Ta =+25°C)		±0.3mA max, for primary current I <sub>N</sub> =0
Temperature drift		I <sub>M</sub> of 0.02%/°C (-25°C...+85°C)



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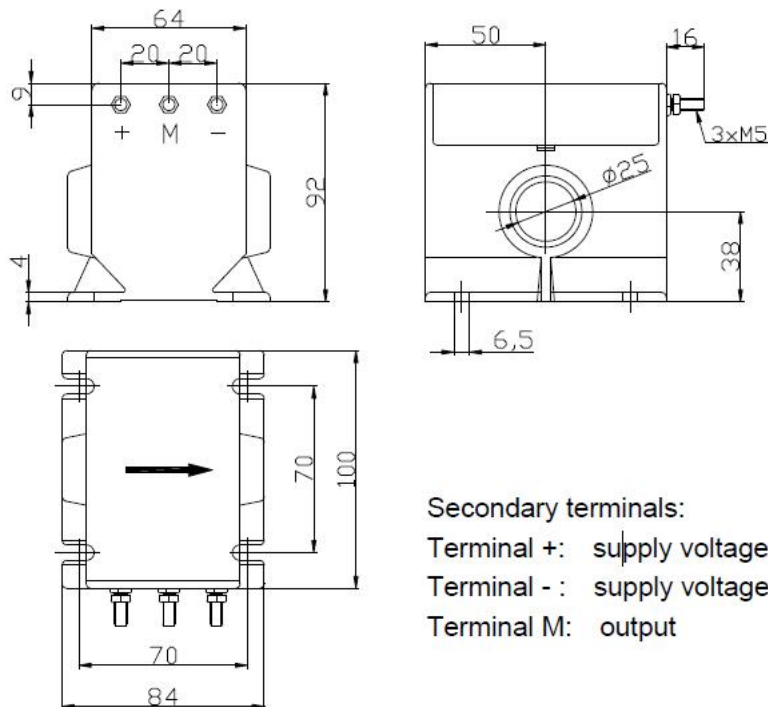
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Linearity error $\epsilon_r(\%FS)$	@ $I_p=0\pm I_{pn}$	$\leq 0.1$
Di/dt accurately followed (A/ $\mu s$ )		$> 50$
Response time $t_{ra}(\mu s)$	@50A/ $\mu S$	$< 1$
Frequency bandwidth		0~100KHz
Current consumption		35mA+ $I_M$ (Output current)
Secondary resistance		80 $\Omega$ ( $T_a = +70^\circ C$ )
Primary resistance		-----

## General data :

Parameter	Value
Operating temperature $T_A(^{\circ}C)$	-50 $^{\circ}C$ ...+85 $^{\circ}C$
Storage temperature $T_S(^{\circ}C)$	-50 $^{\circ}C$ ...+90 $^{\circ}C$
Mass $M(g)$	500
Plastic material	UL94-V0.
Standards	EN60947-1:2004
	IEC60950-1:2001
	EN50178:1998
	SJ 20790-2000

## Dimensions(mm):



### Secondary terminals:

Terminal +: supply voltage +15...24V

Terminal -: supply voltage -15...24V

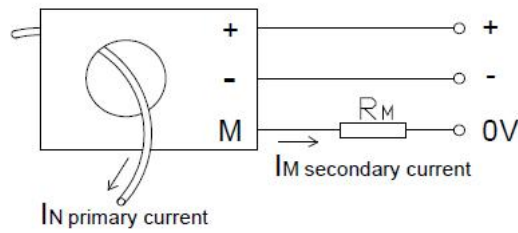
Terminal M: output

### Remarks:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. General tolerance  $\pm 1$ mm.



**Wiring diagram:**



**Remarks:**

1. Output  $I_M$  is positive, when the primary current flows in the direction of the arrow.
2. Primary current is input by a bus bar.

**Directions for use :**

- When the current goes through the primary pin of a sensor, the voltage will be measured at the output end.
- $I_s$  will be in a forward direction when the  $I_p$  flows according to the direction of arrowhead.
- Custom design is available for the different rated input current and the output voltage.
- The dynamic performance is the best when the primary hole is fully filled with.
- The primary conductor should be  $\leq 120^\circ\text{C}$ .

**WARNING : Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor.**

