



DATA SHEET

Hall Effect Current Sensor

PN: CHB100LTS15D100L2

I_{PN}=100A

Feature

- Closed- loop (compensated) current transducer
- High accuracy type, it can really measure resolution 1000:1
- Capable precision measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulse with galvanic isolation between primary circuit and secondary circuit.
- Supply voltage: DC ±12~18V

Advantages

- High accuracy
- Easy installation
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- High immunity to external interference
- Very good linearity
- Can be customized

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.



RoHS

Electrical data: (T_a=25°C±5°C)

Parameter	Ref	CHB100LTS15D100L2
Rated input I _{pn} (A)		100
Measuring range I _p (A)		0~±200
Turns ratio N _p /N _S (T)		1:1000
Output current (A)		Nominal output current 100mA, for primary nominal current I _N =100A
Measure resister R _M (Ω)	with±12V @100Amax	0(min) 75(max)
	with±12V @200Amax	0(min) 25(max)
	with±18V @100Amax	30(min) 135(max)
	with±18V @200Amax	30(min) 55(max)
Accuracy (T _a =+25)		I _N ±0.8%
Supply voltage VC(V)		(±12 ~ ±18) ±5%
Isolation voltage		Between primary and secondary circuit: 6KV RMS/50Hz/1min.
Offset current (T _a =+25°C)		±0.3mA max, for primary current I _N =0
Temperature drift		I _M of 0.02%/°C (-25°C...+85°C)



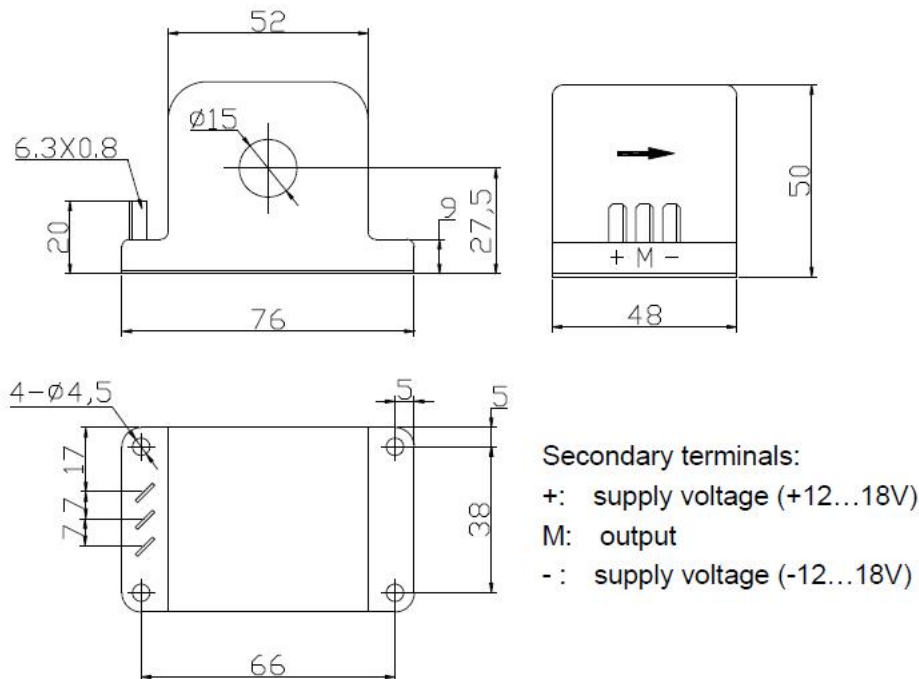
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Linearity error $\epsilon_r(\%FS)$	@ $I_p=0\pm I_{pn}$	≤ 0.1
Di/dt accurately followed (A/ μs)		> 50
Response time $t_{ra}(\mu s)$	@50A/ μS	< 1
Frequency bandwidth		0~100KHz
Current consumption		28mA+ I_M (Output current)
Secondary resistance		25 Ω ($T_a = +70^\circ C$)
Primary resistance		-----

General data :

Parameter	Value
Operating temperature $T_A(^{\circ}C)$	-50 $^{\circ}C$...+85 $^{\circ}C$
Storage temperature $T_S(^{\circ}C)$	-60 $^{\circ}C$...+90 $^{\circ}C$
Mass $M(g)$	150
Plastic material	UL94-V0.
Standards	EN60947-1:2004
	IEC60950-1:2001
	EN50178:1998
	SJ 20790-2000

Dimensions(mm):

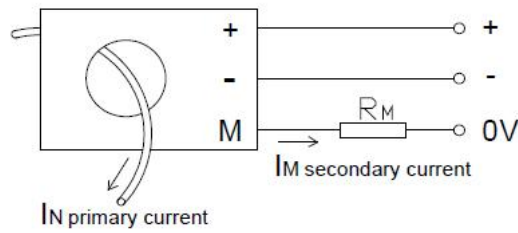


Remarks:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. General tolerance $\pm 1mm$.



Wiring diagram:



Remarks:

Output I_M is positive, when the primary current flows in the direction of the arrow.

Directions for use :

- When the current goes through the primary pin of a sensor, the voltage will be measured at the output end.
- I_s will be in a forward direction when the I_p flows according to the direction of arrowhead.
- Custom design is available for the different rated input current and the output voltage.
- The dynamic performance is the best when the primary hole is fully filled with.
- The primary conductor should be $\leq 120^\circ\text{C}$.

WARNING : Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor.

